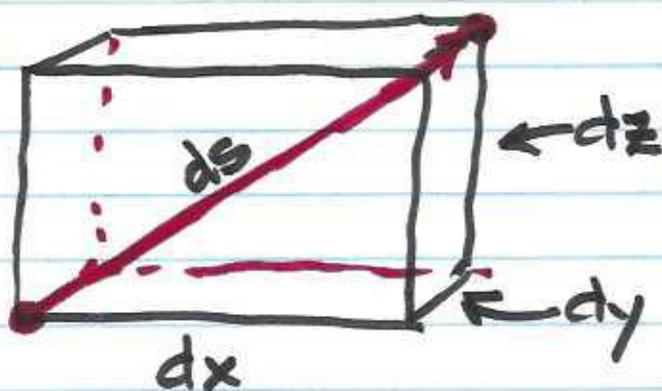


C4KY3

- ① Practice Quiz posted
- ② Scope of Exam Fri. Ch 12 thru 13.5 skip 6

13.3

Length of Space Curves



assume
differentially
straight

$$ds^2 = dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2$$

so... $ds = \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2 + dz^2}$

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = x(t)\hat{i} + y(t)\hat{j} + z(t)\hat{k}$$

as diff.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ x'(t)dt & y'(t)dt & z'(t)dt \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ dx & dy & dz \end{array}$$

Now.. $ds = \sqrt{(x'(t)dt)^2 + (y'(t)dt)^2 + (z'(t)dt)^2}$

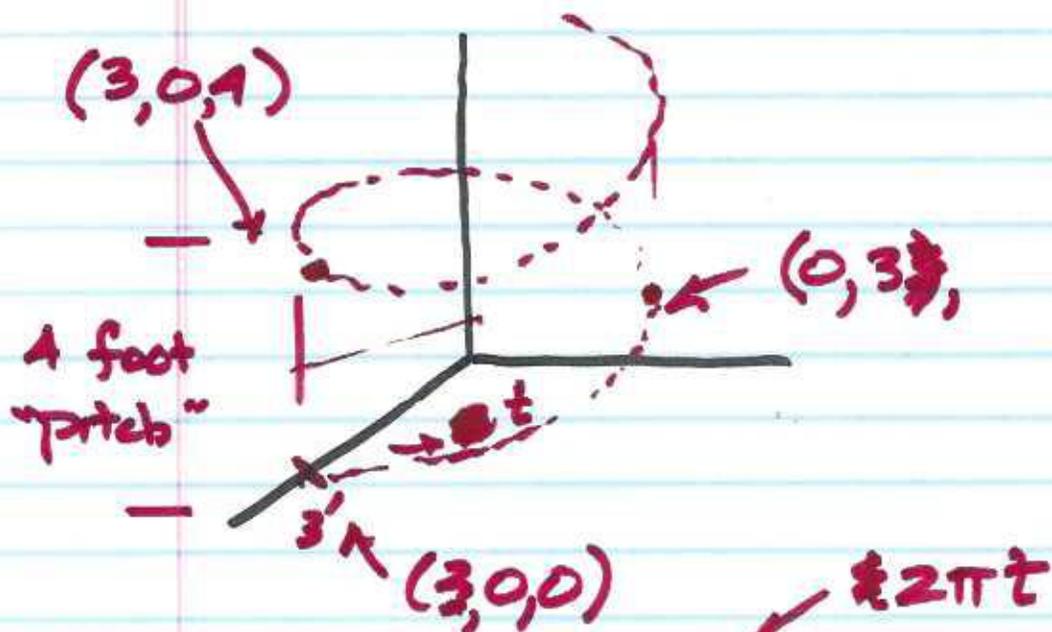
②

$$\text{Also: } ds = \sqrt{x'(t)^2 + y'(t)^2 + z'(t)^2} dt$$

Find length of curve from t_0 to t_f

$$L = \int_{t_0}^{t_f} ds$$

Spiral Stair 6' diam, rises 20' in 5 cycles



$$r(t) = 3 \cos \frac{t}{2\pi} + 3 \sin 2\pi t + 4t$$

$$r(t) = 3 \cos 2\pi t \hat{i} + 3 \sin 2\pi t \hat{j} + 4t \hat{k}$$

(3)

$$\int_0^5 |\pi'(t)| dt = \int_0^5 \sqrt{(3(-\sin 2\pi t)2\pi)^2 + (3 \cdot 2\pi \cdot \cos 2\pi t)^2 + (4)^2} dt$$

$$ds = \sqrt{36\pi^2 \sin^2 2\pi t + 36\pi^2 \cos^2 2\pi t + 16}$$

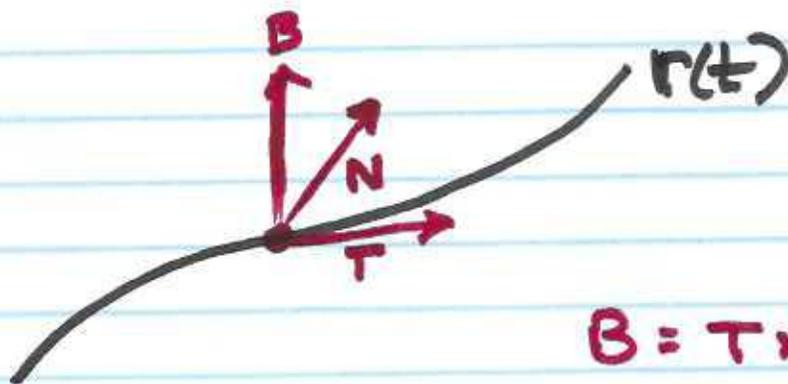
$$ds = \sqrt{36\pi^2 + 16} dt$$

So finally $L = \int_0^5 \sqrt{36\pi^2 + 16} dt$

$$2 \int_0^5 \sqrt{9\pi^2 + 4} dt$$

$$= 2 \int_0^5 9.63 dt \sim \underline{96.3}$$

①



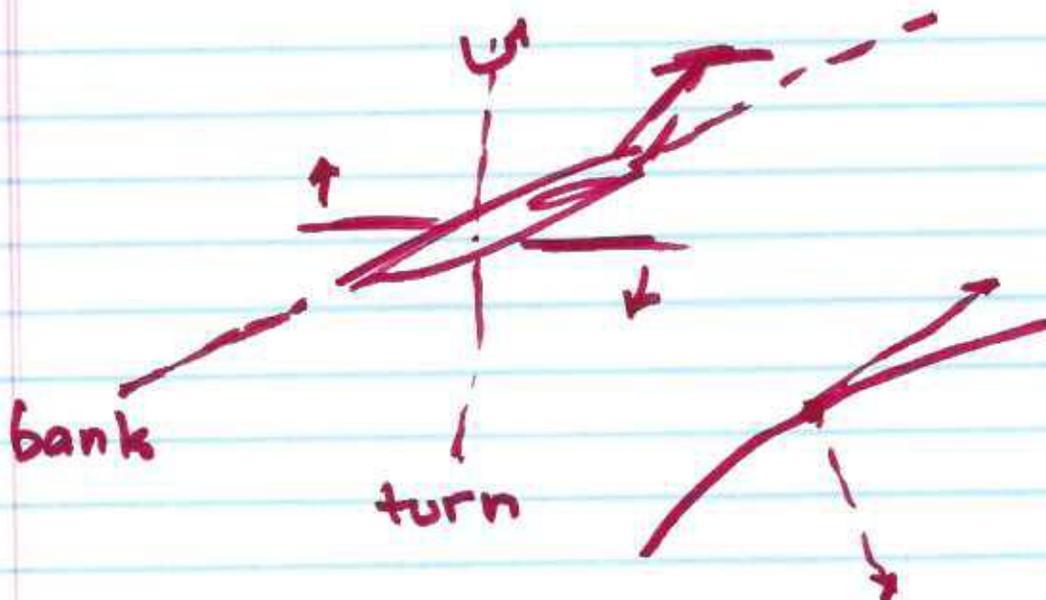
$$B = T \times N$$

T = unit tangent vector

N = unit normal vector

B = unit binormal vector

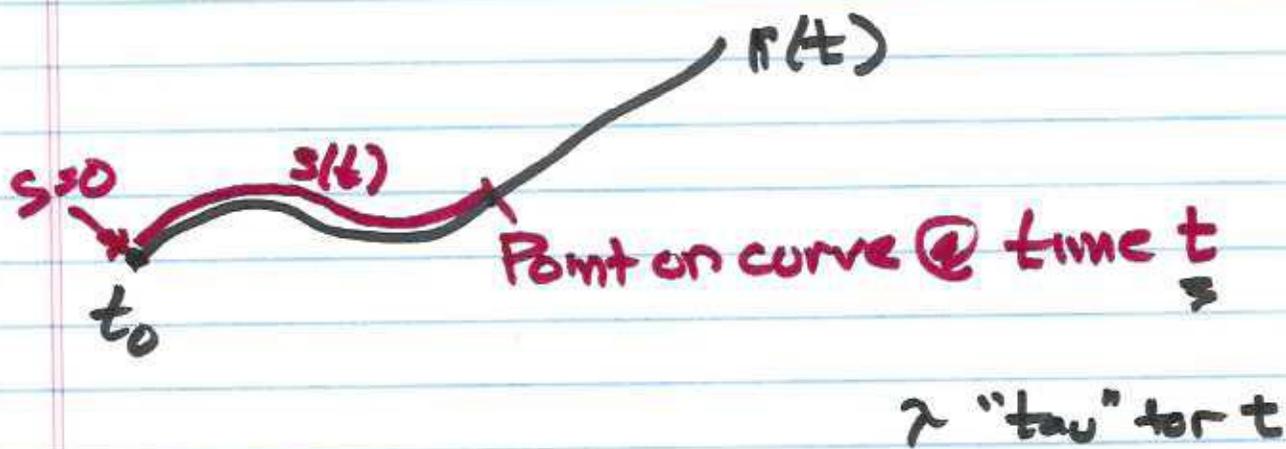
TNB system is mini-xyz system
that travels along curve.



⑤



$$T := \frac{r'(t)}{|r'(t)|} \quad (\text{unit tangent})$$



$$s(t) = \int_{t_0}^t \sqrt{[x'(\tau)]^2 + [y'(\tau)]^2 + [z'(\tau)]^2} d\tau$$

(6)

$s'(t) = \text{speed}$ so $\frac{ds}{dt}$ is scalar

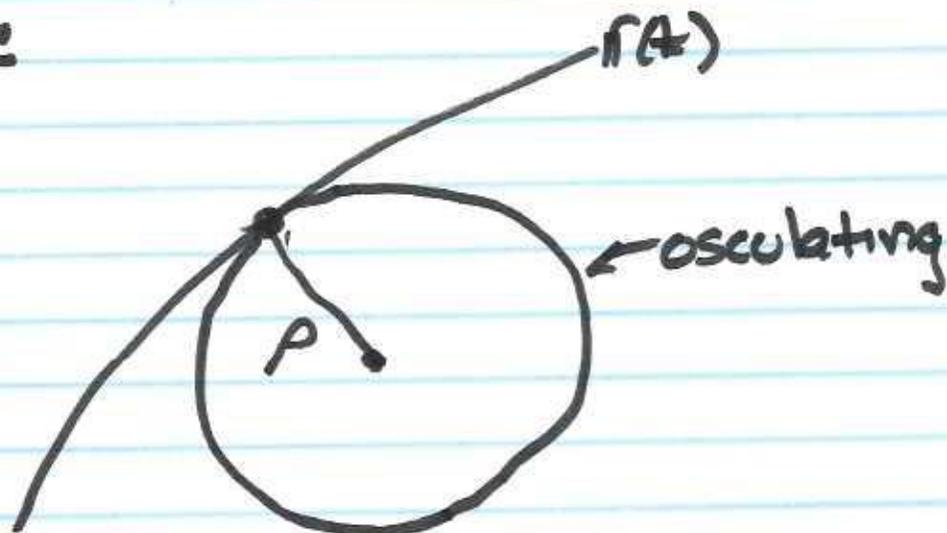
$$\frac{dr}{ds} = \frac{dr}{dt} \cdot \frac{dt}{ds}$$

↑
vector
velocity

↑
inverse of $s'(t)$

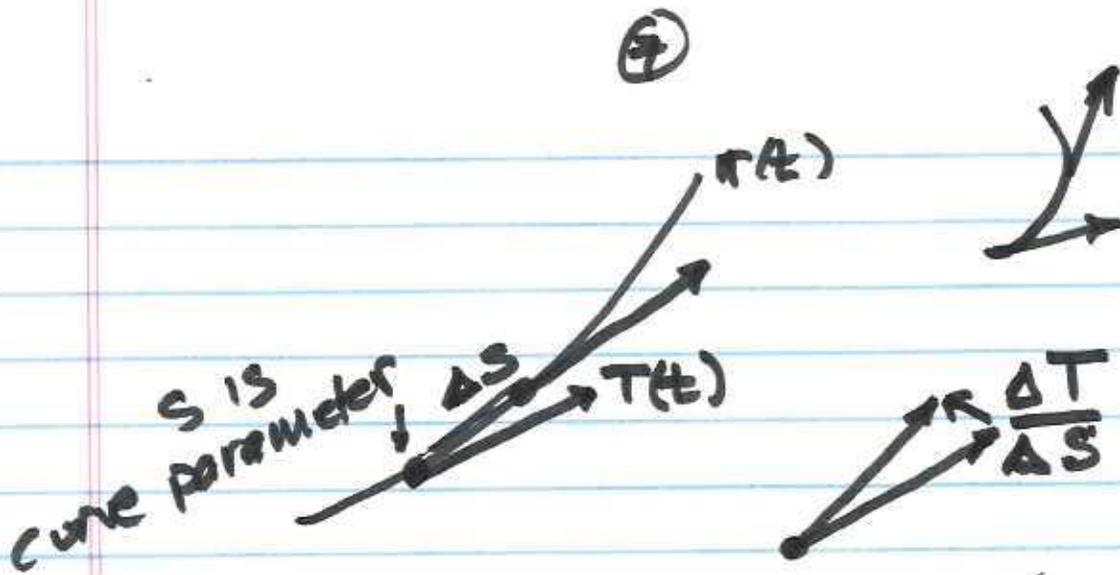
$$\frac{\mathbf{v}}{|\mathbf{v}|} = \text{unit tangent } T.$$

Curvature



radius of curvature
of $r(t)$

curvature itself is defined as κ (kappa)



$$\lim_{\Delta s \rightarrow 0} \left| \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta s} \right| = \kappa$$

Calculating Formula (in terms of t)

$$\kappa = \frac{1}{|v|} \cdot \left| \frac{dT}{dt} \right|$$

Defⁿ $N = \frac{1}{\kappa} \frac{dT}{ds}$

Calculating $N = \frac{dT/dt}{|dT/dt|}$ ←

⑧

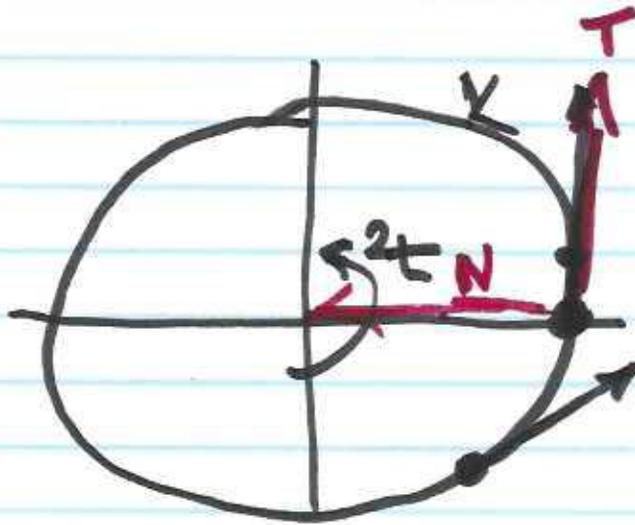
$$\text{Given } \mathbf{r}(t) = \cos 2t \hat{i} + \sin 2t \hat{j}$$

Find T :

$$\mathbf{v}(t) = \mathbf{r}'(t) = -2\sin 2t \hat{i} + 2\cos 2t \hat{j}$$

$$|\mathbf{v}(t)| = \sqrt{4\sin^2 2t + 4\cos^2 2t} = 2$$

$$\mathbf{T} = -\sin 2t \hat{i} + \cos 2t \hat{j}$$



$$\text{Find } \mathbf{N}: \frac{d\mathbf{T}}{dt} = \frac{-2\cos 2t \hat{i} + 2\sin 2t \hat{j}}{2}$$

$$= -\cos 2t \hat{i} + \sin 2t \hat{j}$$